

France - AML KYC Regulations

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1. Introduction

The basic legal provisions against money laundering are in force through the Monetary and Financial Code which was consolidated as of October 25, 2019. The law regulates the rights and obligations of legal persons and natural persons in preventing and detecting money laundering and terrorist financing. The law also contains provisions regarding customer screening, identification, and verification of customers, and the reporting of unusual transactions.

2. Scope

The 'France - AML KYC Regulations' report may be used as a reference to highlight information from France's 'The Monetary and Financial Code' and 'Remote Identity Verification Service Providers - Requirements Rule Set'. Under the guidelines of Autorité des marchés financiers, French Prudential Supervision and Resolution Authority (Autorité de contrôle prudentiel et de résolution - ACPR), Intelligence Processing and Action against Illicit Financial Networks Unit (TRACFIN) and the aforementioned act(s), this document highlights the necessary requirements for AML and KYC procedures, in particular, Identity Verification required in France. These requirements are approximated from relevant information/laws/directives contained in the aforementioned document.

3. Definitions

- **Client:** Shufti Pro's customer is referred to as the Client.
- **Customer**: The Client's customer who is subject to the KYC AML checks.
- **End-user**: The Client's customer is referred to as the end-user but from Shufti Pro's perspective.
- **<u>Document Verification</u>**: The process of verifying the authenticity of a government-issued identity document.
- **Identity Verification:** The process of verifying the identity of the Client's customers.
- **Proof of Identity**: Any government-issued identity document that can be used to identify an individual (natural person).
- **EDD**: Enhanced Due Diligence (EDD) is a process that executes a greater level of scrutiny related to potential business relationships.
- <u>Third-Party Diligence</u>: Outsourcing of the due diligence process to an external party by the Client who is originally responsible for carrying out due diligence activities.



- **PEP**: Politically Exposed Person (PEP) is a person with a higher risk for potential involvement in bribery/corruption.
- **<u>Due Diligence</u>**: Refers to the measures taken to mitigate risk before entering into an agreement or carrying out a financial transaction with another party.

4. References

- French Monetary and Financial Code
- Identification and Verification of the Client's Identity
- Constant Due Diligence Obligations Throughout the Business Relationship
- Use of a Third Party to Carry out Certain Due Diligence Measures
- Obligations in case of high risk of Money Laundering or Terrorist Financing (PEPs)
- Customer Due Diligence Obligations
- Agence Nationale de la Securite des Systemes d'information Remote Identity
 Verification Service Providers Requirements Rule Set (2021)

5. Due Diligence Requirements

5.1. Identity Verification Requirements

As per the requirements of France's regulations, these are the following ID attributes required for the purpose of identifying a natural person (individual) from official documents.

- First name and Surname:
- Date and place of birth.

5.2. Compliant CDD Methods

We (Shufti Pro) may apply one or more of the following measures at the request of the Client to perform Identity Verification on its behalf. Where an End-user is an individual, who does not present himself to the Client for verification in physical presence.

5.2.1. Shufti Pro shall perform verification of the End-user's identity on the basis of independent sourced documents that are highlighted in 5.3. These documents provide reasonable reliability to the confirmation of the identity in France. Shufti Pro shall ensure that the documents being utilized are photo-based biometric identification documents that suffice the requirements for Identity Verification.



- 5.2.2. Shufti Pro can also perform verification of the End-user's identity through a real-time audio-video transmission, where a live, interactive video session is carried out between an Identification Expert and the End-user. During this session, the End-user will be asked to show their identity documents. The End-user will also be asked to perform some random gestures as a part of a liveness check.
- 5.2.3. For the purpose of verifying the End-user's identity, Shufti Pro shall also verify the documents that are submitted. We utilize our specialized Document Verification service to perform checks on the authenticity of the document. This includes checks on security features such as holograms, tapered/crumpled edges, doctored elements, form inconsistencies, document expiration, MRZ, reflected colors, and microprinting.
- 5.2.4. In the case of verification of the identity of legal persons or partnerships, Shufti Pro shall extract the information from the commercial register or a comparable official register through its process (KYB).

5.3. Documents Required for Verification

The following documents are considered in France as Proof of Identity:

Identity Verification

- Identity Card;
- Driving License;
- Passport;
- Other Valid Photo ID.

Address Verification

The following documents (not older than 3 months) are considered in France as proof of address:

- A current utility bill (such as gas, electricity, telephone or mobile phone bill);
 (issued no more than three months ago that shows the End-user's address and name);
- Bank statement (issued no more than three months ago that shows the End-user's address and name);
- A document issued by a government department that shows the End-user's address and name.



5.4. Timing of Verification

Identity Verification is not limited to a one-time, one-instance process. In fact, it is required in multiple instances as per regulations. The application and choice of when to deploy Identity Verification procedures depend on your requirements and their conveyance to Shufti Pro.

You are to pursue Identity Verification when you onboard a new Customer. If you are dealing with transaction data, you should apply Identity Verification as per the monetary thresholds defined in France's regulations. In other instances, Identity Verification becomes more important to employ if you face higher risks from your Customers. A high-risk situation would be any instance where an individual might represent above-normal exposure of money laundering-related threats to you.

6. Politically Exposed Persons and EDD Measures

As per the Enhanced Due Diligence requirements under France's regulations, you are required to determine if your Customer is a Politically Exposed Person, holds a public office.

or exhibits a higher risk profile. In order to fulfill your obligations, Shufti Pro provides you its AML Screening service. The service screens an individual's selected ID attributes of *Name* and *DOB* against watchlists of global regulatory authorities, foreign and domestic databases, compromised PEPs, and sanctioned individuals.

The service highlights the category of the PEP based on the degree of risks they pose and also any immediate family member, or a close associate of the PEP.

You may utilize such services as per your requirements. This includes before or after establishing a relationship with your Customer.

7. Reliance on External Services

France's regulations state that you may seek the services of a third party to apply measures of due diligence. Regulations also require you to collect all such data (Diligence Information) from the third party, without undue delay. In this scenario, Shufti Pro will be the external third-party service provider to you.

France's Act states that you, regardless of reliance on a third party, remain liable for maintaining all such compliance and fulfilling AML and KYC obligations.



8. Record Retention

As per French law, you are required to retain data for not less than five (5) years.¹ These are a part of your AML and KYC obligations for due diligence. In the case where this information is processed, collected, and managed by a relevant third party, you are liable to collect all such necessary information (Due Diligence Data) from the third party without undue delay.

¹ French Monetary and Financial Code